



GRADE 10 WORK SHEETS

POWERED BY PROFVED



1. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF $5^3 - 2 \times 4^2$?

- A) 63
- B) 73
- C) 93
- D) 103
- E) 113

2. A JACKET COSTS \$144 AFTER A 20% DISCOUNT AND A 20% TAX. WHAT WAS ITS ORIGINAL PRICE BEFORE DISCOUNT AND TAX?

- A) \$120
- B) \$125
- C) \$130
- D) \$135
- E) \$150

3. WHAT IS THE NEXT NUMBER IN THE SEQUENCE: 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, __?

- A) 30
- B) 36
- C) 42
- D) 49
- E) 64

4. A SQUARE'S DIAGONAL IS 10 CM. WHAT IS ITS AREA?

- A) 40 cm^2
- B) 45 cm^2
- C) 50 cm^2
- D) 60 cm^2
- E) 72 cm^2

5. IF IT'S 3:20 PM, HOW MANY HOURS AND MINUTES UNTIL 8:50 PM?

- A) 5 HR 20 MIN
- B) 5 HR 30 MIN
- C) 5 HR 40 MIN
- D) 5 HR 50 MIN
- E) 6 HR



GRADE 10 WORK SHEETS

POWERED BY PROFVED



6. WHAT IS THE VALUE OF $(33 \times 22) \div 9$ ($3^3 \times 2^2$) $\div 9$ (33×22) $\div 9$?

- A) 12
- B) 18
- C) 24
- D) 36
- E) 48

7. A BAG CONTAINS 3 RED, 4 BLUE, AND 5 YELLOW MARBLES. WHAT IS THE PROBABILITY OF PICKING A MARBLE THAT IS NOT YELLOW?

- A) $5/12$
- B) $7/12$
- C) $2/3$
- D) $3/4$
- E) $5/6$

8. SOLVE FOR X X X: $X^2 - 6X + 9 = 0$ $X^2 - 6X + 9 = 0$ $X^2 - 6X + 9 = 0$.

- A) 3
- B) ± 3
- C) 6
- D) ± 6
- E) 9

9. WHAT IS THE SLOPE OF THE LINE PERPENDICULAR TO THE LINE PASSING THROUGH (1, 2) AND (4, 8)?

- A) -2
- B) $-1/2$
- C) $1/2$
- D) 2
- E) 3

10. A TRAIN TRAVELS 300 KM IN 4 HOURS. HOW LONG WILL IT TAKE TO TRAVEL 450 KM AT THE SAME SPEED?

- A) 5 HR
- B) 5.5 HR
- C) 6 HR
- D) 6.5 HR
- E) 7 HR



GRADE 10 WORK SHEETS

POWERED BY PROFVED



11. WHICH NUMBER IS A PERFECT SQUARE AND DIVISIBLE BY 18?

- A) 36
- B) 72
- C) 144
- D) 324
- E) 400

12. IN A RIGHT TRIANGLE, ONE ANGLE IS 30° , AND THE HYPOTENUSE IS 12 CM. WHAT IS THE LENGTH OF THE SIDE OPPOSITE THE 30° ANGLE?

- A) 4 CM
- B) 6 CM
- C) 8 CM
- D) 10 CM
- E) 12 CM

13. A NUMBER IS DECREASED BY 40%, THEN INCREASED BY 50%, RESULTING IN 45. WHAT IS THE ORIGINAL NUMBER?

- A) 50
- B) 60
- C) 70
- D) 75
- E) 80

14. HOW MANY POSITIVE INTEGERS FROM 1 TO 50 ARE DIVISIBLE BY 2 OR 3?

- A) 30
- B) 32
- C) 33
- D) 34
- E) 36

15. IF $\log_2(x)=3$ \ $\log_2(x) = 3$ $\log_2(x)=3$, WHAT IS THE VALUE OF $x \times x \times x$?

- A) 6
- B) 8
- C) 9
- D) 12
- E) 16



GRADE 10 WORK SHEETS

POWERED BY PROFVED



ANSWERS WITH EXPLANATIONS

- 1.C) $93, 53=125 \ 5^3 = 125 \ 53=125, 42=16 \ 4^2 = 16 \ 42=16, 2 \times 16=32 \ 2 \times 16 = 32 \ 2 \times 16=32, 125-32=93 \ 125 - 32 = 93 \ 125-32=93.$
- 2.B) $\$125, \$144 \div 1.2 = \$120$ (REMOVE 20% TAX), $\$120 \div 0.8 = \125 (REMOVE 20% DISCOUNT).
- 3.B) 36, SEQUENCE IS SQUARES: $12=1^2 = 1 \ 12=1, 22=4 \ 2^2 = 4 \ 22=4, 32=9 \ 3^2 = 9 \ 32=9, 42=16 \ 4^2 = 16 \ 42=16, 52=25 \ 5^2 = 25 \ 52=25, 62=36 \ 6^2 = 36 \ 62=36.$
- 4.C) 50 CM^2 , DIAGONAL $D=S^2 \ D = S \sqrt{2} \ D=S^2, 10=S^2 \ 10 = S \sqrt{2} \ 10=S^2, S=10/\sqrt{2}=5\sqrt{2} \ S = 10/\sqrt{2} = 5\sqrt{2} \ S=10/\sqrt{2}=5\sqrt{2}, \text{AREA} = S^2 = (5\sqrt{2})^2=50 = S^2 = (5\sqrt{2})^2=50.$
- 5.B) 5 HR 30 MIN, 3:20 PM TO 8:20 PM = 5 HR, PLUS 30 MIN TO 8:50 PM = 5 HR 30 MIN.
- 6.A) 12, $33=27 \ 3^3 = 27 \ 33=27, 22=4 \ 2^2 = 4 \ 22=4, 27 \times 4=108 \ 27 \times 4 = 108 \ 27 \times 4=108, 108 \div 9=12 \ 108 \div 9 = 12 \ 108 \div 9=12.$
- 7.B) $7/12$, TOTAL MARBLES = $3+4+5=12 \ 3 + 4 + 5 = 12 \ 3+4+5=12$, NOT YELLOW = $3+4=7 \ 3 + 4 = 7 \ 3+4=7$, PROBABILITY = $7/12 \ 7/12 \ 7/12.$
- 8.A) 3, $X^2-6X+9=(X-3)^2=0 \ X^2 - 6X + 9 = (X - 3)^2 = 0 \ X^2-6X+9=(X-3)^2=0, X=3 \ X = 3 \ X=3$ (DOUBLE ROOT).
- 9.B) $-1/2$, SLOPE = $(8-2)/(4-1)=6/3=2 \ (8 - 2)/(4 - 1) = 6/3 = 2 \ (8-2)/(4-1)=6/3=2$, PERPENDICULAR SLOPE = NEGATIVE RECIPROCAL = $-1/2 \ -1/2 \ -1/2.$
- 10.C) 6 HR, SPEED = $300 \div 4=75 \ 300 \div 4 = 75 \ 300 \div 4=75 \text{ KM/H, TIME} = 450 \div 75=6 \ 450 \div 75 = 6 \ 450 \div 75=6 \text{ HR.}$
- 11.D) 324, $324=18^2 \ 324 = 18^2 \ 324=18^2$ (PERFECT SQUARE), $324 \div 18=18 \ 324 \div 18 = 18 \ 324 \div 18=18$ (DIVISIBLE BY 18).
- 12.B) 6 CM, OPPOSITE $30^\circ = \text{HYPOTENUSE} \times \sin(30^\circ)=12 \times 1/2=6 \ \text{HYPOTENUSE} \times \sin(30^\circ)=12 \times 1/2=6 \ \text{HYPOTENUSE} \times \sin(30^\circ)=12 \times 1/2=6.$
- 13.A) 50, $X \times 0.6 \times 1.5=45 \ X \times 0.6 \times 1.5 = 45 \ X \times 0.6 \times 1.5=45, X \times 0.9=45 \ X \times 0.9 = 45 \ X \times 0.9=45, X=45 \div 0.9=50 \ X = 45 \div 0.9 = 50 \ X=45 \div 0.9=50.$
- 14.C) 33, DIVISIBLE BY 2: $50 \div 2=25 \ 50 \div 2 = 25 \ 50 \div 2=25$, BY 3: $\lfloor 50 \div 3 \rfloor = 16 \ \lfloor 50 \div 3 \rfloor = 16, \text{BY 6: } \lfloor 50 \div 6 \rfloor = 8 \ \lfloor 50 \div 6 \rfloor = 8 \ \lfloor 50 \div 6 \rfloor = 8, 25+16-8=33 \ 25 + 16 - 8 = 33 \ 25+16-8=33$ (INCLUSION-EXCLUSION).
- 15.B) 8, $\log_2(X)=3 \ \log_2(X) = 3 \ \log_2(X)=3, X=2^3=8 \ X = 2^3 = 8 \ X=2^3=8.$