



Geometry B

1. Frist Campus Center is located 1 mile north and 1 mile west of Fine Hall. The area within 5 miles of Fine Hall that is located north and east of Frist can be expressed in the form $\frac{a}{b}\pi - c$, where a, b, c are positive integers and a and b are relatively prime. Find $a + b + c$.
2. Let a right cone of the base radius $r = 3$ and height greater than 6 be inscribed in a sphere of radius $R = 6$. The volume of the cone can be written as $\pi(a\sqrt{b} + c)$, where b is square free. Find $a + b + c$.
3. Let $\overline{AD}$ be a diameter of a circle. Let point B be on the circle, point C be on $\overline{AD}$ such that A, B, C form a right triangle with right angle at C . The value of the hypotenuse of the triangle is 4 times the square root of its area. If $\overline{BC}$ has length 30, what is the length of the radius of the circle?
4. Let $\triangle ABC$ satisfy $AB = 17$, $AC = \frac{70}{3}$ and $BC = 19$. Let I be the incenter of $\triangle ABC$ and E be the excenter of $\triangle ABC$ opposite A . (Note: this means that the circle tangent to ray AB beyond B , ray AC beyond C , and side BC is centered at E .) Suppose the circle with diameter IE intersects AB beyond B at D . If $BD = \frac{a}{b}$ where a, b are coprime positive integers, find $a + b$.
5. Consider rectangle $ABCD$ with $AB = 30$ and $BC = 60$. Construct circle T whose diameter is AD . Construct circle S whose diameter is AB . Let circles T and S intersect at P , so that $P \neq A$. Let AP intersect BC at E . Let F be the point on AB so that EF is tangent to the circle with diameter AD . Find the area of triangle AEF .
6. Triangle ABC has $\angle A = 90^\circ$, $\angle C = 30^\circ$, and $AC = 12$. Let the circumcircle of this triangle be W . Define D to be the point on arc BC not containing A so that $\angle CAD = 60^\circ$. Define points E and F to be the foots of the perpendiculars from D to lines AB and AC , respectively. Let J be the intersection of line EF with W , where J is on the minor arc AC . The line DF intersects W at H other than at D . The area of the triangle FHJ is in the form $\frac{a}{b}(\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d})$ for positive integers a, b, c, d , where a, b are relatively prime, and the sum of a, b, c, d is minimal. Find $a + b + c + d$.
7. Let $\triangle ABC$ be triangle with side lengths $AB = 9, BC = 10, CA = 11$. Let O be the circumcenter of $\triangle ABC$. Denote $D = AO \cap BC, E = BO \cap CA, F = CO \cap AB$. If $1/AD + 1/BE + 1/FC$ can be written in simplest form as $\frac{a\sqrt{b}}{c}$, find $a + b + c$.
8. Let $ABCD$ be a parallelogram such that $AB = 35$ and $BC = 28$. Suppose that $BD \perp BC$. Let ℓ_1 be the reflection of AC across the angle bisector of $\angle BAD$, and let ℓ_2 be the line through B perpendicular to CD . ℓ_1 and ℓ_2 intersect at a point P . If PD can be expressed in simplest form as $\frac{m}{n}$, find $m + n$.